《自己》的《中华的《中华的《中华》

Besolvet. That the pustform adopted by the Democratic party at Cincinnati is affirmed, with the following explanatory resolutions:

First—That the Government of a Territory organized by an act of Congress is provisional and temporary, and during its existence all critzens of the United States have an equal

in favor of the acquisition of the Island of Cubs, on such terms as shall be honorable to our-selves and just to Spain, at the earliest practi-Calife moment.

Resolved, That the enactments of State Legislatures to defeat the faithful execution of the Fugitive Slave law are hostile in characteristics. cter to, and subversive of the Constitution and revolutionary in their effect.

Resolved, That the Democracy of the Uni tates recognize it as an imperative duty of vention, and particularly those who voted with General Calhoun on the submission issue. I would also indicate, for your consideration,

this Government to protect naturalized citizens in all their rights, whether at home or in foreign lands, to the same extent as its native-born citizens. And,

WHEREAS, One of the greatest necessities of the age, in a political, commercial, postal and Military point of view, is a speedy communication between the Pacific and Atlantic counts, therefore the its counts. communication between the Facilic and Atlantic coasts; therefore, bait

Resolved. That the National Democratic party do hereby pledge thanselves to use every means in their power to secure the passage of some bill, to the extent of the constitutional authority of Congress, for the construction of a Pacific Railroad, from the Mississippi river to the Facific Ocean, at the carliest practicable moment.

STARTLING DISCLOSURES DOUGLAS RESPONSIBLE For the Lecempton Constitution.

A:36772 12 7(1)

Reply of William G. Mathies.

His Pledge to Support It. His Violation of His Pledge,

TREACHERY TO HIS PRIENDS. READ! READ!! READ!!!

To the People of the United States, which he told me had been written by Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, and sent to him for the purpose of influencing members of the Con-ROOM OF DEM. ASSOCIATION LEVENWOOTH Leavenworth City K. T., Sept. 26, '60. Rumors of a positive nature having been in circulation in this Territory, during the last two years, attributing to Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, United States Senator from Illinois, ting the Constitution. In that letter, Mr. Douglas advised a plan of submission, which

by in Septemfibers and apto the latter
out that the
f the Territo
and Mr. Camoun authorize a benefit fact such
person spoke authoritatively, learn that a plan
of submission had been indicated by Mr. Douglas, and was it not understood that if the plan
thus indicated was adopted, he (Mr. Douglas)
would support and sustain it in Congress?

4th. Aside of these questions, thus forpart of October. It was given out that the

mally put, we solicit from you any informa-tion touching the object of these inquiries

DANIEL SCULLY. J. W. HENRY.

Reply of James Doniphau. WESTON, Mo., September 17, 1860.
o Messrs. Emory, Mathias, and others:
GENTS: Your catechism of the 13th is be

After a protracted and acrimonious debate,

After a protracted and actimonious debate, the question was put on the 5th or 6th of November, and the non-submissionals triumphed by one or two votes. By extraordinary exertion a reconsideration was had on the 7th, the day of final adjournment, and the plan of submission, through which the Constitution went before Congress, was carried by a bare majority.

On the evening of the day on which the non-submissionists were victorious, Gen. Calhoun requested me to endeavor to secure for his side a member, since dead, Mr. Swift, of Jefferson county, who had previously voted against submission, and over whom it was submission, only said at the time I refer to above, when the question was submission or non-submission, that Douglas said it would have to go to the people and get their endorsement, before it would have any chance in Congress. By way of explanation I will state that I attended the caucus held with closed doors, at the office of John Calhoun, I have had

Since the death of Gen. Calhoun, I have had Since the death of Gen. Calhoun, I have had Since the death of Gen. Calhoun, I have had several conversations with Mr. Oliver Diefendorf, his brother-in-law—who maintained with him and his family all the intimacy such a relationship bespeaks—on the subject of that letter, and upon every occasion Mr. Diefendorf referred to the letter as being among the papers of the deceased, in the possession of his family. I have more than once expressed my suprise that a man of spirit, as I supposed Gen. Calborn to have been, should have silently submitted to the gross indignity put upon him in the Senate by Mr. Douglas, and fendorf has challenged my respect for the deceased by answering that very few knew the nice sense of honor he had; that he considered the correspondence private, and would have submitted to any thing rather than violate that privacy.

Setimation of this affair should that the constitution to the people. Tours, respectfully, JAS. DONIPHAN. submitted to the gross indignity put upon him in the Senate by Mr. Douglas, and Mr. Die-fendorf has challenged my respect for the de-

the promiety of communicating with Colonel Andrew J. Isacks, of this city. Though not a member of the Convention, he was present during the whole struggle of submission; he zealously labored with Gen. Calboun for the form adopted, and like him, was an ar-lent friend of Mr. Douglas, putatively representing Having thus laid before you all the knowledge I have in this connection, I remain, your obedieut servant, DANIEL SCULLY. DANIEL SCULLY.

Louis Burnes, Esq., President of the Democratic Association of Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH CITY, Sept. 26, 1860. to your letter of the 25th instant, I can state that I was well acquainted with Gen. John Calhoun, President of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention, in his lifetime, and we were warm personal and political friends. We stood together in the Lecompton struggle. I have been a citizen of Kansas for nearly six years, and having been a member of three several Legislatures in Kansas, am somewhat conversant with the history of politics therein.

Some time before the Lecompton Constitutional Convention of the proposition of t tional Convention assembled at its adjourned las was with us, and for the plan.

Session, Mr. Calhoun showed me a letter, Respectfully, your obedient servant.

tion to adopt a particular form of submitplan was finally adopted by the Convention.

And it was further stated by Mr. Douglas, in the letter before spoken of, that if the plan which he (Douglas) had advised the other before spoken of the convention.

Mr. Calhoun, or with any one, whose political and personal relations towards Mr. Douglas and Mr. Calhoun authorize a belief that such and Mr. Calhoun authorize a belief that such and I am satisfied that the plan of partial and I am satisfied submission would not have been adopted by the Convention, if it had not been for the in-

fluence of that letter. Yours, truly, C. R. MOBLEY. convention accordingly, but the main purpose of the recess was to allow time to ascertain of the recess was to allow time to ascertain the views of Democrats holding infinential places in the councils of the country.

We beg leave to inform you that a copy of the course of Stephen A. Douglas, in regard to the Lecompton Constitution, has been relative interrogatories has been addressed to the Lecompton Constitution, has been relative interrogatories has been addressed to the Lecompton Constitution, and that copies have also been sent to a number of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention. There was at one can intermediately between the Convention and that copies have also been sent to a number of other gentlemen believed to possess of stephen A. Douglas, in regard to the Lecompton Constitution, has been relative coived. In reply, I have to state:

That I was a member of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention. There was at one can wait to the underwas divided into three parties,—one in favor of sending the instrument direct to Congress of sending the instrument direct to Congress of Stephen A. Douglas, in regard to the Lecompton Constitution, and that copies have also been sent to a number of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention. There was at one can wait in the coived. In reply, I have to state:

That I was a member of the Lecompton Constitutional Constitutional Constitutional Convention. There was at one can wait in the coived. In reply, I have to the Lecompton Constitution of the Constitution of the Lecompton Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Consti

Business of that letter.

Yours, truly,

Reply of Lucian J. Electin.

Entilitioring, Mo., Sept. 22, 1860.

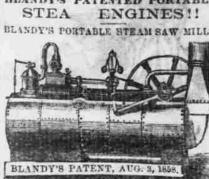
Mr. Frenc, Enower, Chairman of Committee.

Dear Sir: —The letter from yourself and other s, making cortain inquiries concerning of comfirmed Private Land Claims.

Be it exceed by the Santes and Husse of Representation of committee.

That I was a member of the Lecompton Constitution, has been received. In reply, I have to state:

That I was a member of the Lecompton Constitution. There was at one time a majority of its members opposed to may submission of that instrument to the people. It is useless to go into detail of the enumery of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the enumers of the constant of the United States of Control and that the free State men had refused to reason that the free State men had refused to reason that the free State men had refused to reason the ground that the free State men had refused to recognize the first open of the same of the state of California; "approved March three entitled "An act to accordance to the proposed to may submission of that instrument to the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go into detail of the people. It is useless to go i



Passed at the first session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the high day of December, A. D. 1850, and ended on Monday, the nearly different and the Mills of House of Representatives.

James Buunanan, President. John C. Brecking, Vice-President, and President of the Sentage of the United States of the House of Representatives.

Cuar. CXXVIII.—An act to amend an Act entitled an Act to define and regulate the jurisdiction of the District Courts of the United States in California in regard to the Survey and location of comfirmed Private Land Claims.

But the set shall be so construed as to authorize said currency, description of the said the Listrict of States, via Brozos Harbor, may, on their arrival in said harbor, from any other port of place in the United States, situated as it is, immediately at the large content, device, serip, or there exists and south of the four Rail Roads now not have the said proton of the from any other port of place in the United States, situated as it is, immediately at the large created, from any other port of place in the United States, situated as it is, immediately at the large states, in the District of the Search and the will have, as the Secretary of the current said harbor, from any other peace in the United States, it is tho sea for in the United States of the four Rail Road son or other vessels for transportation with the Rio Grand to Brownwille afored the Search and the Wills Valley & Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be surged in the Listric of the Sant and the Wills Valley & Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be observed as to enterpolate and the will be somethed to the said said surged in the United States of the Secretary of the results of the Secretary of the Carry of the said sarch.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be observed in the United States in the United States in the United States in the United States of the said sarch.

Sec. 8. And be it furt heavy and increasing business, without opposition, since October 1850, and its prospects for a con-tinued increase, are very great. Lots No's. 59, 61 and 63, Chestnut street, and Lots No's. 2 and 3, Carter street, are very valuable, being situated so near the Depot. Lots No's. 5 and 7, Market street, are fine busi-Lots No's. 5 and 7, Market street, are fine business Lots, being situated equi distant between the business portion of town and river, and have now erected upon them two large and commodious brick Store Rooms, admirably adapted to a heavy Produce and Grocery Trade.

There will also be sold at same time the joint—

N E G R O E S,
among whom, are cooks, house servants, ironers, washers, &c. &c., all of whom are very valuable.

Terms of Sale, (except as to the Negroes, which will be sold for cash,) one-third Cash. The balance in six, semi-annual payments, with 6 per cent added, the purchaser giving noise with approved security.

TOM CRUTCHFIELD.

Oct. 16 '60-wlt. MIS 5. Reports—only two complete sets.
Aug 5 '69 JB MOREY.

SURDIVISIONS.	Section.	Fownship, North.	Range.	When Sold for Taxes.	For the Taxes of what Years.	Date of Tax Deed
E hf of S W qr of	22	8	6	February 16, 184	6 Fiscal Year, 1845	Februay 16, 1848
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W hf of	33	8	7	77.	1845	
N hf of		7	1	April 5, 2847		April 5, 1847
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E hf of N E qr	1 36	100	6	130 to 8 00		

You will further notice, that the above described littles, are the little which can a unfirmed, and that unless you plead, sower or demar to said bill, or show cause and why compliainant's titles should not be confirmed, on or before the next term of Scott county, in said State of Mississips; to be held at Hillaboro, on the 4th Mos said bill will be taken as confessed, and admitted to be true as to all the matters said bill will be taken as confessed, and admitted to be true as to all the matters tained and a degree comfirming said tax titles, made according to the prayer of celling the property of the prayer of celling the prayer of the prayer of celling the prayer of the

The state of the control of the cont